



**VIBRATION ANALYSIS HARDWARE**



**SB282 Series Switch Box  
8 Dual Output Sensor Inputs  
Product Manual**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

- Introduction.....3
- Product Description.....3
- Product Dimensions and Diagram .....4
- Mounting Instructions .....5
- Conduit Entry .....6
- Grounding.....7
- Installation of Sensor/Signal Input Cable.....8
- Post-Installation Testing..... 13
- Warranty and Return Information ..... 15



## INTRODUCTION

CTC junction box solutions allow for the monitoring of remotely-mounted vibration sensors, which would be otherwise restricted to human access due to safety considerations.

### ***SB282 Series Switch Box Overview: Four to eight dual output sensor inputs (eight to 16 measurement channel outputs)***

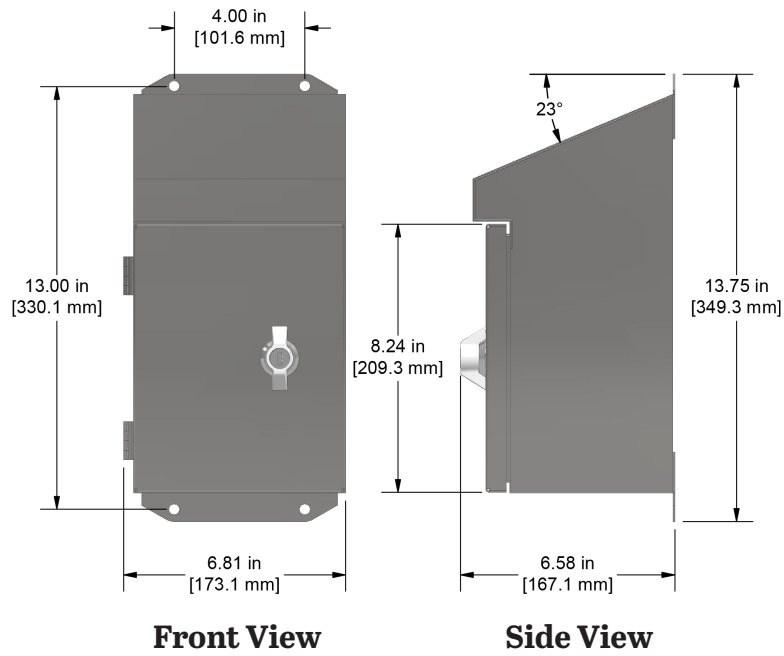
The SB282 Series Switch Box is used to convert the three-conductor wiring of up to eight remotely-installed dual output sensors to two switched BNC connectors and one output switched two-pin MIL spec connector for portable data collection. BNC labeled "J1" and the two-pin MIL provide output for vibration and the BNC labeled "J2" provides output for temperature measurements. Input wiring from each sensor is connected via quick-connect or screw terminal blocks. Each terminal block includes input for signal, temperature, common and shield. The shield drain wire is earth-grounded via a ground stud that is mounted to the side of the stainless steel enclosure. Optionally, the SB282 can be equipped with a multi-pin connector for interface with online systems for continuous live readings. This connection requires a JB905-1A or -2A plug.

A centrally-located switch on the enclosure's panel board determines which sensor provides output to each BNC and the two-pin MIL connector. A measurement location card is located on the inside of the enclosure door to identify each channel.

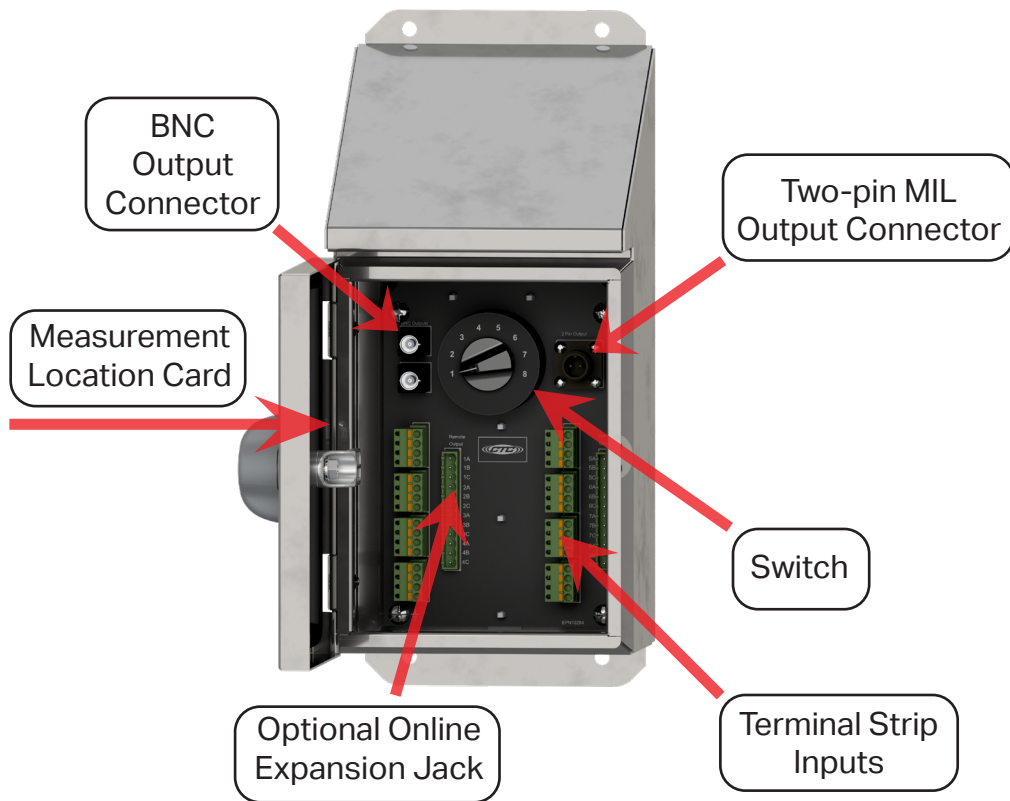
Rated for NEMA 4X (IP66), the SB282 can withstand harsh environments including temperatures ranging from -58°F to 180°F (-50°C to 82°C). The box is also resistant to hose-directed fluid and corrosion. A twist lock is installed on the door allowing the box to be sealed from the elements when not in use.



# PRODUCT DIMENSIONS



**Front View**                      **Side View**  
**Figure 1. Dimensions**

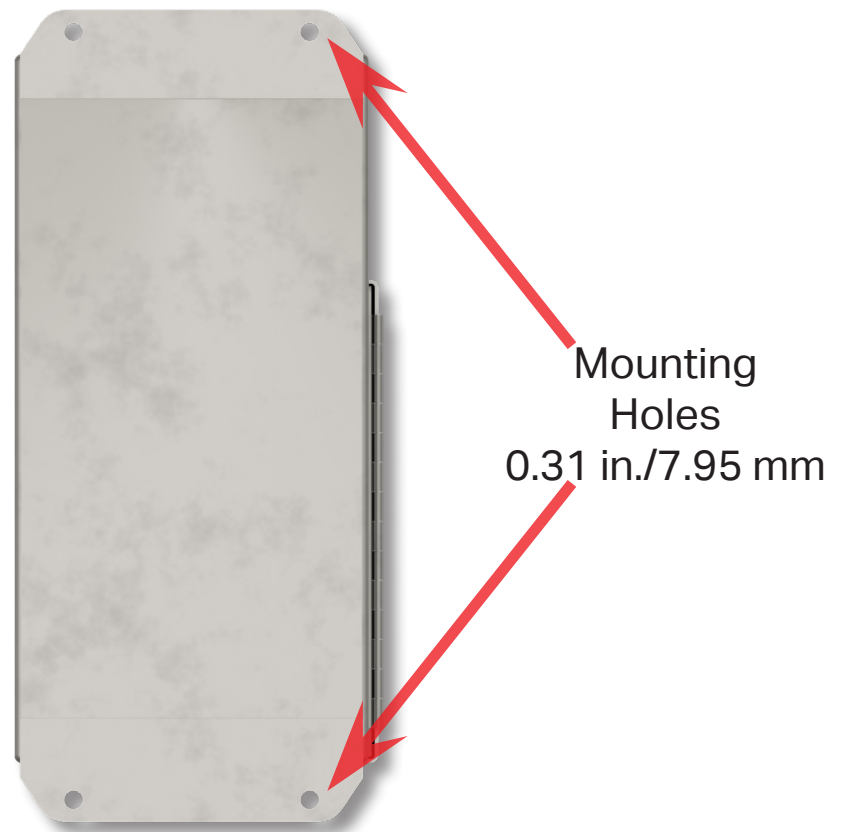


**Figure 2. Diagram**

## MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

SB282 Series Switch Boxes are supplied with integral mounting brackets attached.

**Note:** If you have purchased a switch box without cable entries provided, you should add your own entry prior to mounting the enclosure.

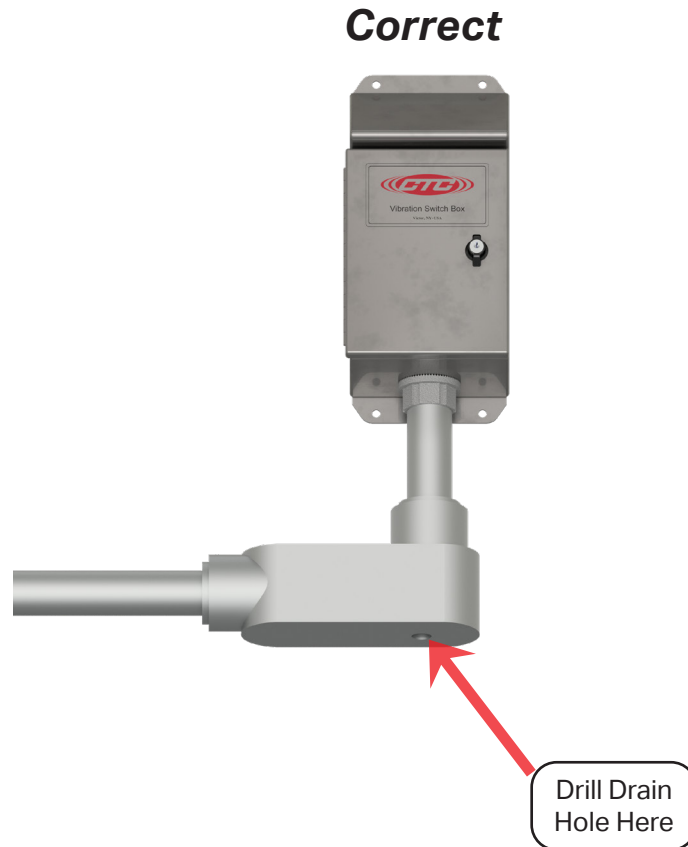


*Figure 3. Sloped Top Vibration Switch Box Rear View*

## CONDUIT ENTRY

If you are running conduit to your enclosure, ensure the conduit cable entry is located at the bottom of the enclosure when mounted.

**Note:** To ensure moisture will not flow into the enclosure, a hole should be drilled at the lowest point in the conduit to provide drainage for any moisture.



**Figure 4. Conduit Entry for Switch Box**

## GROUNDING

Ensure that the SB282 Series Switch Box is grounded to earth ground.

### *A. Mounting to Earth Ground*

When mounting SB282 Series Switch Boxes to earth ground (such as an I-Beam), no additional steps are necessary, as the enclosure is grounded internally to the stainless steel enclosure. See Figure 5 below.

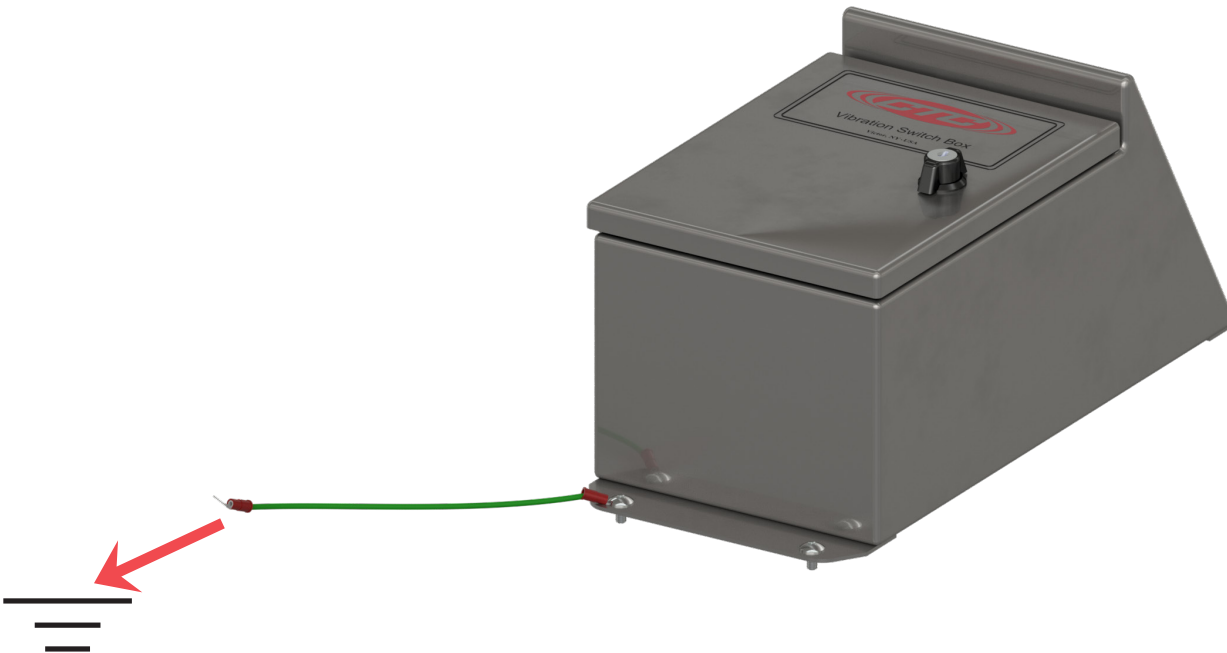


**Figure 5. Switch Box (SB282) Earth Ground**

## GROUNDING

### *B. Mounting to Non-Grounded Structure*

When mounting the switch box to a non-grounded structure, ensure the shield ground wire or customer-supplied ground wire is tied to a source of earth ground.



**Figure 6. Ground Wire Placement**

## SENSOR INSTALLATION

### ***Installation of Sensors/Signal Input Cable***

1. Feed blunt-cut end through the cable entry at the bottom of the enclosure.

**Note:** It is recommended that cables are marked on both ends.

For cord grip cable entry, take off the cord grip cover with bushing and run cable into enclosure, hand-tighten cord grip cover to base to prevent damage of cord grip.



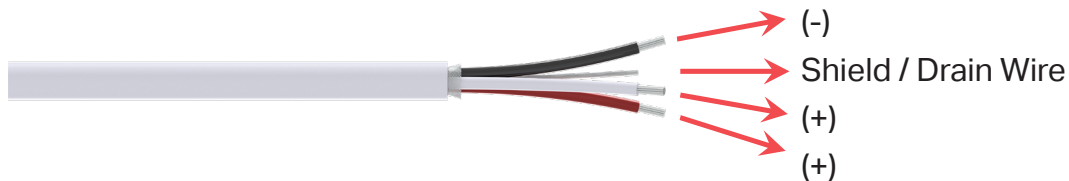


**Figure 7. Front View**



**Figure 8. Bottom View**

1. Strip outer jacket of cable back 1¼ in. - 1½ in. and remove all of the shielding.
2. Strip red and black insulation back ¼ in.
3. Remove each terminal plug from respective channel.



**Figure 9. Stripped Wire**

4. Locate the appropriate plug (identified by channel number), remove it, and install the wires using a small flathead screwdriver. Depress selected position button to open terminal for respective wire. Push plug back into location. Refer to the below chart for the correct orientation, based on application.

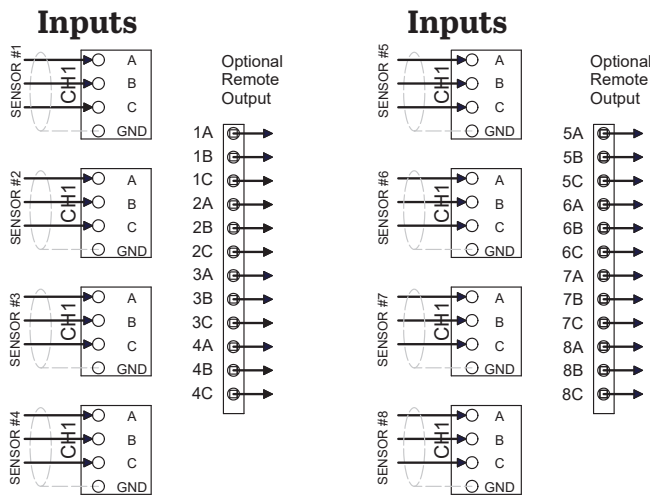
DUAL OUTPUT - VIBRATION & TEMPERATURE		
SOCKET A	RED WIRE	VIBRATION (+)
SOCKET B	BLACK WIRE	COMMON
SOCKET C	WHITE WIRE	TEMPERATURE (+)
SOCKET GND	SHIELD DRAIN	SHIELD

BIAXIAL VIBRATION - AXIS X & Z		
SOCKET A	GREEN WIRE	AXIS X (+)
SOCKET B	BLACK WIRE	COMMON
SOCKET C	WHITE WIRE	AXIS Z (+)
SOCKET GND	SHIELD DRAIN	SHIELD

TWO SINGLE AXIS VIBRATION ACCELEROMETERS		
SOCKET A	RED WIRE	SENSOR 1 (+)
SOCKET B	BLACK WIRE	COMMON
SOCKET C	RED WIRE	SENSOR 2 (+)
SOCKET GND	SHIELD DRAIN	SHIELD

Note: CTC recommends using four-conductor cables such as CB105, CB119, CB192, CB218, CB618, CB818, or CB819 for biaxial applications. If using a three-conductor cable such as CB112, CB191, CB212, CB512, CB612, or CB812 substitute the red wire for green.

**Table 1. Wiring Instructions for Various Applications**



**Figure 10. Field Wiring for Three-Conductor Sensor Inputs**

5. Insert plug into the appropriate PC board connector and double check to ensure that the cable is going to the correct channel.
6. Mark the Measurement Location Card located on the inside front cover with a description of each measurement location.

## POST-INSTALLATION TESTING

The TM1018 Accelerometer Verification Meter can be used to verify cable conductivity, sensor location and proper wiring connections. The Verification Meter will indicate if the sensor, cable and/or junction box is in working condition. It will also confirm bias voltage of the accelerometer, which will inform you of the operation of the internal accelerometer amplifier.



**Figure 11. TM1018 Accelerometer Verification Meter**

### Testing Method:

1. Utilizing two personnel, Person A will be located at the switch box, while Person B will be located at the measurement location.
2. Once positioned, Person A will connect the TM1018 to the data collector output to the switch box and turn the Channel Selector to the channel that corresponds to the referenced measurement. Person A should observe a "NORMAL" LED reading.
3. Person B disconnects the cable from the accelerometer, and the TM1018 should respond with an "OPEN" LED. Reconnect the cable to the accelerometer, and the TM1018 should respond with a "NORMAL" LED.
4. Repeat for each measurement location to verify that accelerometer location is properly identified at the switch box.

The following LED Readout indicates the circuit integrity:

1. Green LED: Normal. Indicates proper connection and an output bias will be given, indicating the health of the sensor (4 – 16 V indicates a healthy accelerometer).
2. Yellow LED: Open Circuit. Indicates one of the following:
  - a. Cable connector is not connected to accelerometer.
  - b. Cable is open circuit (broken or not connected at one end).
  - c. Accelerometer is not functioning correctly.
3. Red LED: Short Circuit. Indicates one of the following:
  - a. Water or contamination in the connector.
  - b. Reverse wiring ((+) and (-) leads are reversed).
  - c. Wires in switch box or cable connector (+) & (-) are touching.



## **WARRANTY & REFUND**

### **Warranty**

All CTC products are backed by our unconditional lifetime warranty. If any CTC product should ever fail, we will repair or replace it at no charge.

### **Refund**

All stock products can be returned for a 25% restocking fee if returned in new condition within 90 days of shipment. Stock products qualify for free cancellation if your order is cancelled within 24 hours of purchase. Built-to-order products qualify for a 50% refund if returned in new condition within 90 days of shipment. Custom products are quoted and built specifically to the requirements of the customer, which may include completely custom product designs or private labeled versions of standard products for OEM customers. Custom products ordered are non-cancellable, non-returnable and non-refundable.

